

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date: 02/26/2015

Version: 1.0

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

**Product Identifier** 

Product Form: Mixture Product Name: Econo-Lube Synonyms: Metal Lubricant

#### **Intended Use of the Product**

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Pipe-on-Pipe Lubricant. For professional use only.

#### Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Customer

Economy<sup>®</sup> Polymers & Chemicals 435 E. Anderson Road 77047 Houston, TX T 713-723-8416

# www.economypolymers.com

**Emergency Telephone Number** Emergency number : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (US); 703-527-3887 (International, collect calls are accepted)

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### . . . . .:. C. ... .... N 4:

Classification of the Substance or	<u>Mixture</u>
Classification (GHS-US)	
Flam. Liq. 4 H227	
Eye Irrit. 2A H319	
Carc. 2 H351	
STOT SE 3 H336	
STOT RE 2 H373	
Asp. Tox. 1 H304	
Aquatic Acute 2 H401	
Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	
Label Elements	
GHS-US Labeling	
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)	
Circul Mand (CUC UC)	GHS07 GHS08 GHS09
Signal Word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H227 - Combustible liquid
	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
	H401 - Toxic to aquatic life
	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces No smoking.
	P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray.
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
02/26/2015	EN (English US)

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

> P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, respiratory protection. P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P314 - Get medical advice and attention if you feel unwell. P331 - If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. P337+P313 - If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction. P391 - Collect spillage. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

#### **Other Hazards**

**Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification**: Inhalation may aggravate those with pre-existing conditions including: skin, eye, and respiratory conditions. Flammable vapors can accumulate in head space of closed systems.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Substances**

### <u>Mixture</u>

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	40 - 70	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			STOT SE 3, H336
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Amides, tall-oil fatty, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	(CAS No) 68155-20-4	15 – 40	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Diethanolamine	(CAS No) 111-42-2	1 - 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Carc. 2, H351
			STOT RE 2, H373
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Description of First Aid Measures**

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

**General:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Inhalation: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause mild skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation.

**Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible liquid.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

**Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), hydrocarbons.

Other information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

**Reference to Other Sections** 

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Avoid breathing (vapors, mist, spray). Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not allow product to spread into the environment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Collect spillage. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep/Store away from extremely high or low temperatures, direct sunlight, ignition sources, incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Storage Area: Store locked up.

#### Specific End Use(s)

Pipe-on-Pipe Lubricant. For professional use only.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters		
Petroleum distillates, hydro		
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which
		there are negligible aerosol exposures)
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.46 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	6 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	3 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	26 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	6 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	3 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	3 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **Exposure Controls**

Saskatchewan

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

OEL TWA (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**Personal Protective Equipment:** Protective goggles. Gloves. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Protective clothing.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

**Respiratory Protection:** Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

mornation on basic mysical and chemical moper	tic.	<u>-</u>
Physical State	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Clear amber liquid
Odor	:	Hydrocarbon
Odor Threshold	:	Not available
рН	:	8.6
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	:	Not available
Melting Point	:	-5 °C (23°F)
Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	186 - 264 °C (366.8°F-507.2°F)
Flash Point	:	62 °C (143.6°F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not available
Relative Density	:	0.94
Specific Gravity	:	1.18-1.20
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.
Log Pow	:	Not available
Log Kow	:	Not available
Viscosity, Kinematic	:	Not available
Viscosity, Dynamic	:	Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not available

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
Chemical Stability: Stable at standard temperature and pressure. Combustible liquid.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Ignition sources. Incompatible materials.
Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Hydrocarbons.

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Information on Toxicological Effects - Product**

Acute Toxicity : Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified pH: 8.6

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. pH: 8.6

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause mild skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg		
LC50 Inhalation Rat (mg/l) > 5.2 mg/l/4h		
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)		
LD50 Oral Rat 1820 mg/kg		
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)		
IARC Group	2B	
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status Evidence of Carcinogenicity.		

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>Toxicity</u>

**Ecology - General:** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)			
LC50 Fish 1	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	4720 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Den-dronereides heteropoda)		
LC 50 Fish 2	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])		
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)			
LC50 Fish 1	4460 (4460 - 4980) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow- through])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	55 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	7.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)		
LC 50 Fish 2	1200 (1200 - 1580) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])		
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	2.1 (2.1 - 2.3) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		
Persistence and Degradability			
Econo-Lube			
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.		

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	ay, March 26, 2012 / Rules	
<b>Bioaccumulative Potential</b>		
Econo-Lube		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(64742-47-8)	
BCF fish 1	61 - 159	
	01 100	
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	/	
BCF fish 1	(no significant bioco	ncentration)
Log Pow	-2.18 (at 25 °C)	
Mobility in Soil Not available		
Other Adverse Effects		
Other Information: Avoid release to the e		
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDER		
	ose of waste material	in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial
and international regulations.		
		quatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORM	ATION	
In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDO		
49 CFR 173.120 (3) A combustible liquid th	hat does not sustain c	ombustion is not subject to the requirements of this subchapter as a
-		1206 or the procedure in appendix H of this part may be used to
determine if a material sustains combusti	on when heated unde	r test conditions and exposed to an external source of flame.
UN Number Not regulated for transp	oort	
UN Proper Shipping Name Not regula	ated for transport	
Additional Information Not regulated f	for transport	
Transport by sea Not regulated for tra	ansport	
Air transport Not regulated for transpor		
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORM		
US Federal Regulations		
Econo-Lube		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes		Immediate (acute) health hazard
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(64742-47-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Su		) inventory
Amides, tall-oil fatty, N,N-bis(hydroxyeth	vl) (68155-20-4)	,
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Su		) inventory
		,
Diethanolamine (111-42-2) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Su	ubstances Control Ast	inventory.
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic		inventory
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	chemical listings)	1.0 %
		1.0 /0
LIS State Regulations		
US State Regulations		
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	agone List	WARNING: This product contains shomicals known to the State of
	ogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
Diethanolamine (111-42-2) U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcino		WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Diethanolamine (111-42-2) U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcino Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(64742-47-8)	California to cause cancer.
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)         U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcino         Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light         U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A	<b>(64742-47-8)</b> ir Pollutants - Ambien	California to cause cancer. t Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
Diethanolamine (111-42-2) U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcino Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A	<b>(64742-47-8)</b> ir Pollutants - Ambien ir Pollutants - Ambien	California to cause cancer. t Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)         U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcing         Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light         U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A         U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A         U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Log	(64742-47-8) ir Pollutants - Ambien ir Pollutants - Ambien ng Term	California to cause cancer. t Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
Diethanolamine (111-42-2) U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcino Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Lo U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Sh	(64742-47-8) ir Pollutants - Ambien ir Pollutants - Ambien ng Term	California to cause cancer. t Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)         U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcing         Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light         U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A         U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic A         U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Log	(64742-47-8) ir Pollutants - Ambien ir Pollutants - Ambien ng Term ort Term	California to cause cancer. t Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour t Air Levels (AALs) - Annual

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
U.S California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens
U.S Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants
U.S Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
U.S Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Michigan - Polluting Materials List
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual
U.S South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
U.S South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet
Canadian Regulations
Econo-Lube

Econo-Lube		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid	
Petroleum distillates, hyd	rotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DS	L (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
00/10/2014	EN (English LE)	8/0

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Amides, tall-oil fatty, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) (68155-20-4)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects		
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.		
Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List		
WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects		
Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects		

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision	date	
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**Other Information** 

 02/26/2015
 This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**GHS Full Text Phrases:** 

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Economy Polymers & Chemicals

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